## FORM G

[See sub-rule (2) of rule 6]

## Form of memorandum of cross-objections to the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (2A) of section 24 of the Wealth-tax Act, 1957

IN	THE INCOME-TAX APPELLATE TR	IBUNAL			
	*CROSS-OBJECTION NO				
	**IN APPEAL NO				
	(Appellant)		(Respondent)		
1.	**Appeal No. allotted by the Tribuna	l to which memora			
	objections relates				
2.	The State in which the assessment was made				
3.	Section under which the order appealed against was passed				
4.					
5.	Date of receipt of notice of appeal filed by the appellant to the Tribunal				
6.	Address to which notices may be sent to the respondent (cross-objector)				
7.	Address to which notices may be sent to the appellant				
8.					
	LC	rounds of amoss ob	iaations		
1	! Grounds of cross-objections				
1.					
2. 3.					
3. 4.					
etc.					
cic.					
	Signed			Signed	
(Authorised representative, if any)				(Respondent)	
		Verification			
	the res	spondent, do herel	by declare that what	t is stated above is true to	
	best of my information and belief.				
Ver	ified today the	day of	19		
Dat	e				
Place				(Signed)	

## Notes:

- 1. The memorandum of cross-objections must be in triplicate.
- 2. The memorandum of cross-objections should be written in English or, if the memorandum is filed in a Bench located in any such State as is for the time being notified by the President of the Appellate Tribunal for the purposes of rule 5A of the Income-tax (Appellate Tribunal) Rules, 1963, then, at the option of the respondent, in Hindi, and should set forth, concisely and under distinct heads, the cross-objections without any argument or narrative and such objection should be numbered consecutively.
- 3. \*The number and year of memorandum of cross-objections will be filled in in the office of the Appellate Tribunal.
- 4. \*\*The number and year of appeal as allotted by the office of the Tribunal and appearing in the notice of appeal received by the respondent is to be filled in here by the respondent.
- 5. ! If the space is found insufficient, separate enclosures may be used the purpose.